

Magnification effect on galaxy-CMB lensing

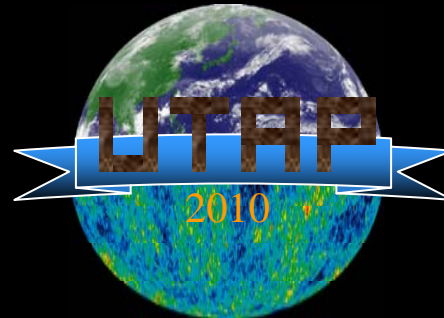
~ Impact of magnification effect on estimating primordial non-Gaussianity from CMB and galaxy observation ~

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Introduction

☆ Primordial non-Gaussianity

Any hint of primordial non-Gaussianity will be important to understand the mechanism of generating initial condition

$$\Phi = \phi + f_{\text{NL}} (\phi^2 - \langle \phi^2 \rangle)$$

Gaussian field

local-type

The primordial non-Gaussianity curvature perturbation

☆ Tests of non-Gaussianity

(1) Bispectrum

- Traditional method
- This technique would yield constraint on f_{NL} of $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \sim 3$ (Planck) (e.g. Serra & Cooray 08)

$$B^{\text{loc}}(k_1, k_2, k_3) = 2f_{\text{NL}} [P_\phi(k_1)P_\phi(k_2) + (\text{cyc})]$$

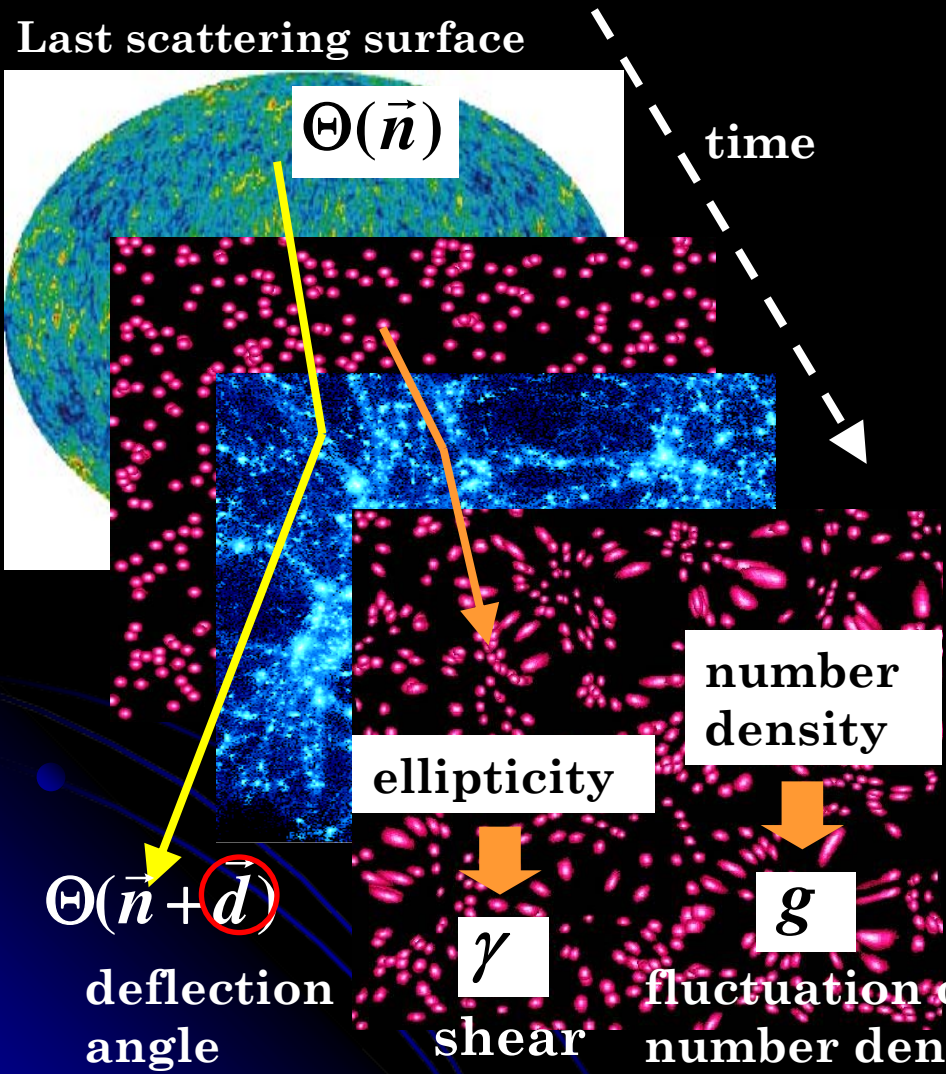
(2) Scale-dependent galaxy bias (e.g. Dalal+ 08)

- Presence of primordial non-Gaussianity cause scale-dependent galaxy bias
- This method can yield constraints of $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \sim \text{a few}$ (e.g. Carbone+ 08)

$$b \rightarrow b + f_{\text{NL}} F(k, z)$$

We explore sensitivity of imaging galaxy survey to the constraints on primordial non-Gaussianity

Observables in CMB & galaxy imaging survey



| CMB | galaxy |
|----------------------|----------|
| Θ temperature | g |
| E E-polarization | γ |
| d deflection angle | |

power spectra

Information on f_{NL} is included in gg γg dg Θg

These signals are not so sensitive to f_{NL} compared to gg , and usually neglected...

How well we can constrain f_{NL} by using all spectra ?

Magnification effect on galaxy number density

☆ However, *observed* galaxy number density is modified by weak lensing.

(Moessner +98, Matsubara 00)

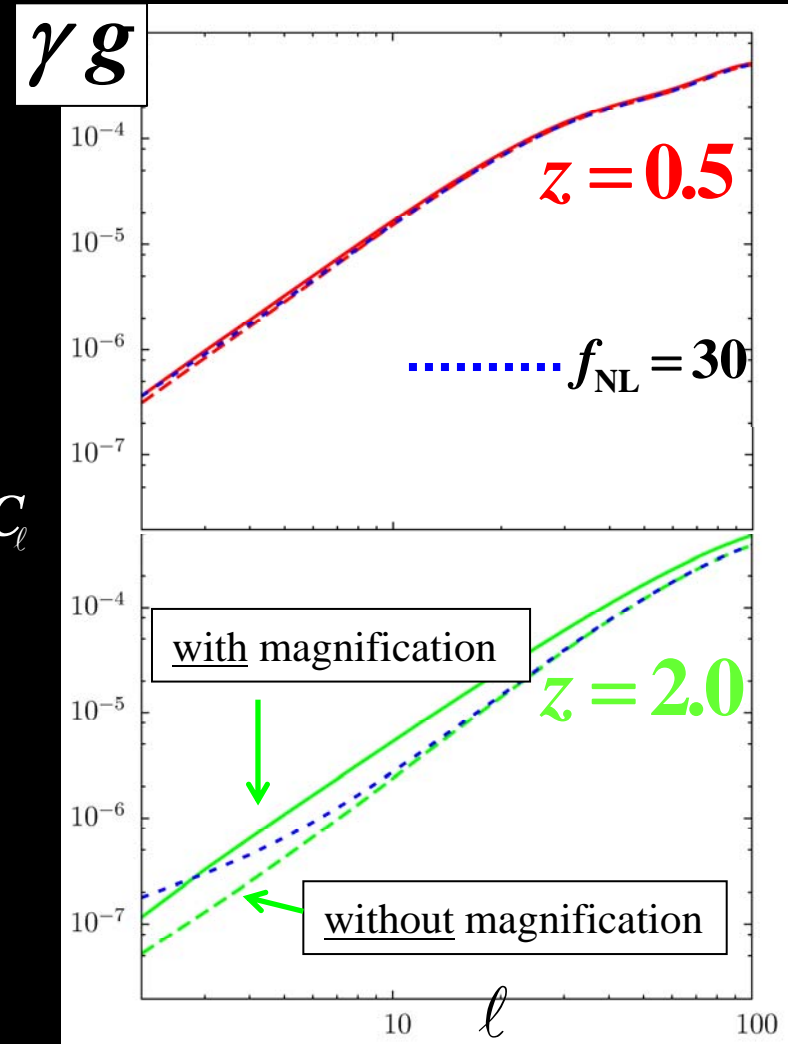
(Magnification effect)

$$g \rightarrow g + (5s - 2)\kappa$$

↑ fluctuation of galaxy density
 ↑ slope
 ↑ convergence

$$\frac{\ell(\ell+1)}{2\pi} C_\ell$$

Power spectrum is modified by magnification at large scale and at high-z where the effect of non-Gaussianity become important.



Ignoring magnification in theoretical template would cause bias significantly on estimating f_{NL}

Our Work

We forecast

(1) constraints on f_{NL} through scale-dependent bias

(2) systematic bias due to ignoring magnification in theoretical template

by using all spectra obtained from CMB and galaxy survey

(we not include information from bispectrum)

• Other forecast studies to constrain f_{NL} through scale-dependent bias

e.g. Carbone+ 08, Afshordi & Tolley 08, Takeuchi+ 10

In our work,

• we consider all signals obtained from CMB and galaxy surveys

• we estimate impact of magnification on estimating f_{NL}

Details of calculation

[Cosmology]

flat Λ CDM, Gaussian
initial condition

| $\Omega_b h^2$ | $\Omega_m h^2$ | Ω_Λ | w | n_s | $A_s \times 10^9$ | τ | f_{NL} |
|----------------|----------------|------------------|------|-------|-------------------|--------|----------|
| 0.022 | 0.13 | 0.72 | -1.0 | 0.96 | 2.4 | 0.086 | 0.0 |

[Survey]

CMB experiment : Planck

Galaxy survey: LSST-like

$$f_{\text{sky}} = 0.5 \quad N_g = 100 \text{ [/ arc min}^2 \text{]}$$
$$z_m = 1.5$$

[Model of galaxy samples]

• Redshift distribution

$$n(z) \propto z^2 \exp[-(z/0.96)^{1.5}]$$

with 3 redshift bins

• Bias model

$$b = b_0 + b_z / D(z)$$

$$\begin{cases} b_0 = 1.5 \\ b_z = 2.0 \end{cases}$$

• Intrinsic
ellipticity

$$\gamma_{\text{int}} = 0.3$$

Then, we calculate Fisher matrix and estimate

- 1- σ marginalized error on f_{NL}
- systematic bias due to ignoring magnification

by using auto/cross correlations of $\Theta \quad E \quad d \quad \gamma \quad g$

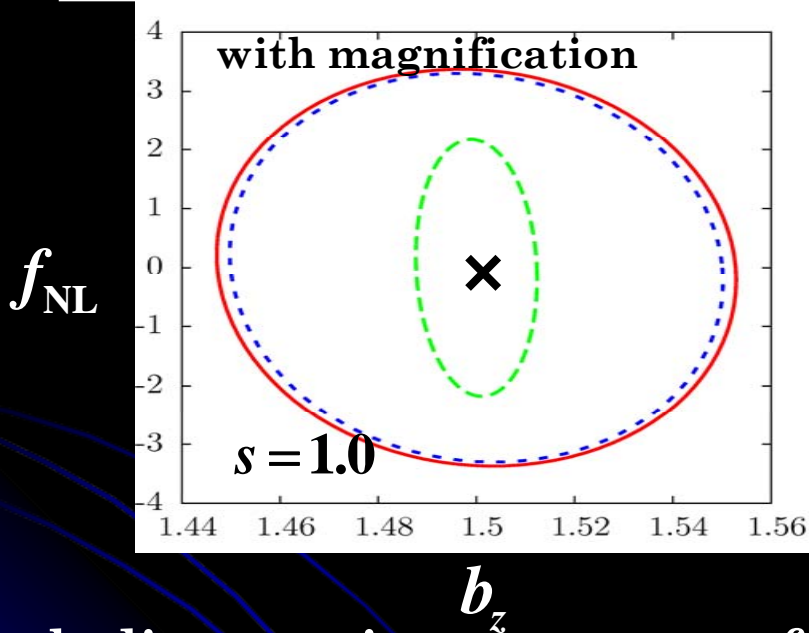
Result 1 (Constraints on f_{NL})

[1- σ contour]

[sensitivity to N_g]

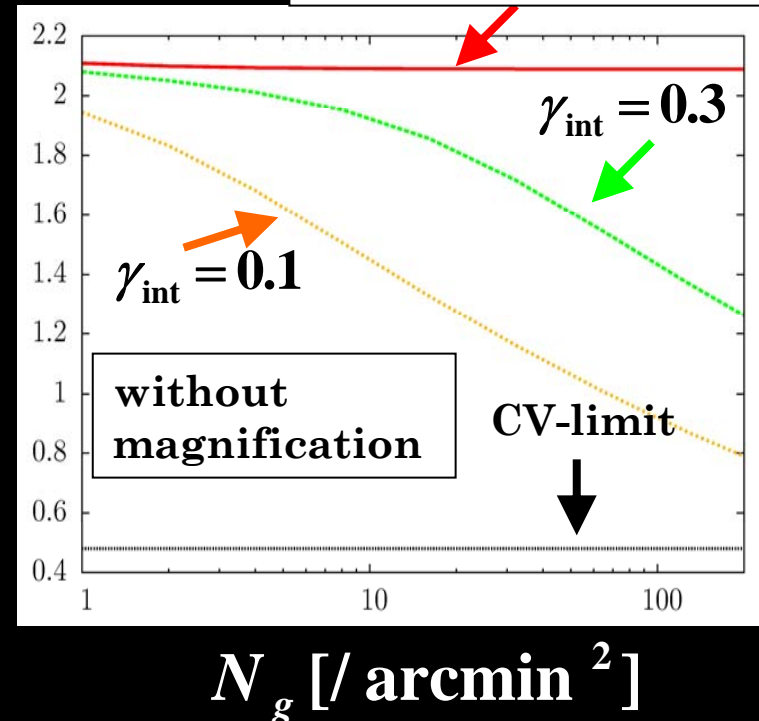
CMB with

- + g
- - - + $g + d$
- - - + $g + d + \gamma$



Including γ g , improvement of the constraint is by a factor of $\sim 1.5-2$

Constraint from + g

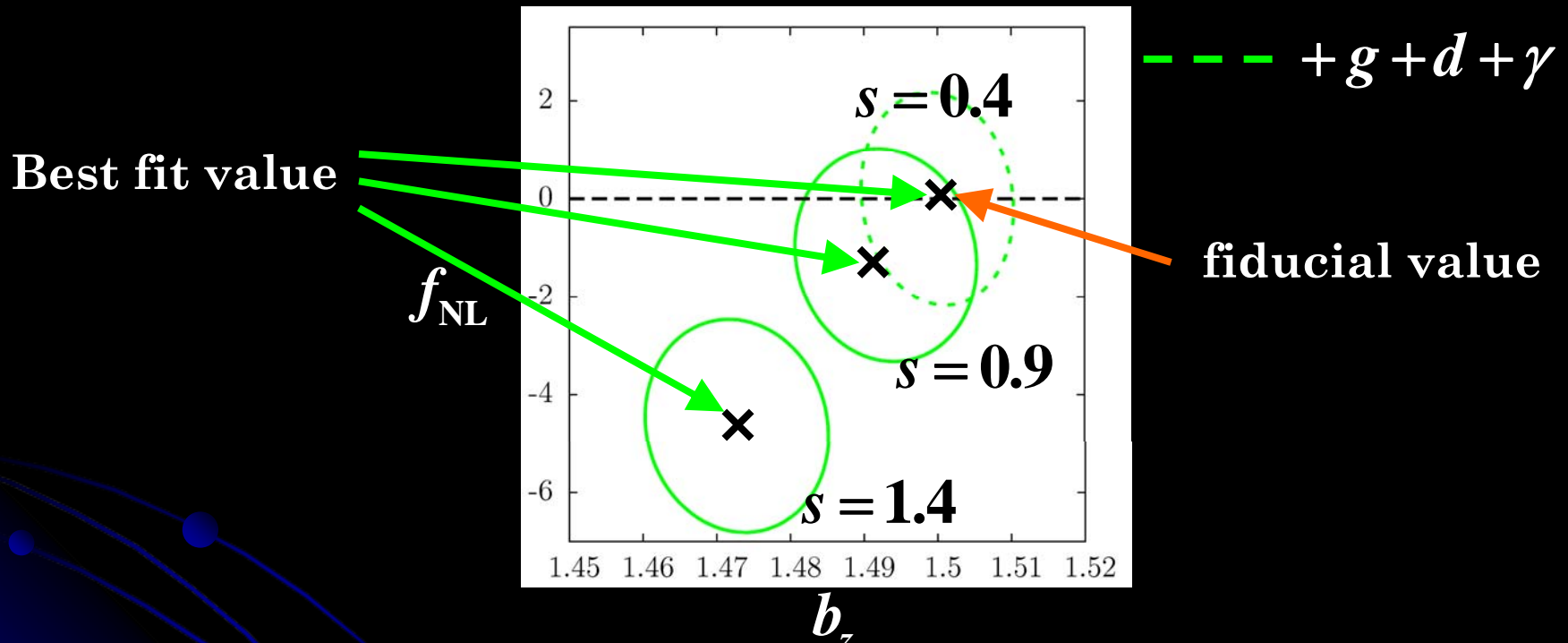


The constraint is sensitive to shear noise

Constraint on f_{NL} is improved by a factor of ~ 2 compared to galaxy count alone

Result 2 (effect of magnification)

[Systematic bias due to ignoring magnification]



Note: magnification vanishes if $s=0.4$

Although the constraint is insensitive to magnification, neglecting magnification effect in theoretical template cause significant bias on estimating f_{NL}

Summary

We explored

- (1) how well we can constrain f_{NL} by using all spectra
- (2) significance of systematic bias due to ignoring magnification

We found that

- (1) if we use all signals, improvement of $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}})$ is by a factor of ~ 2 compared to galaxy count alone.
- (2) Although the constraint is insensitive to magnification, ignoring magnification in theoretical template cause highly biased estimation on f_{NL}

If we take into account the effect of magnification, constraint on f_{NL} is further improved by using all information obtained from imaging survey of galaxy