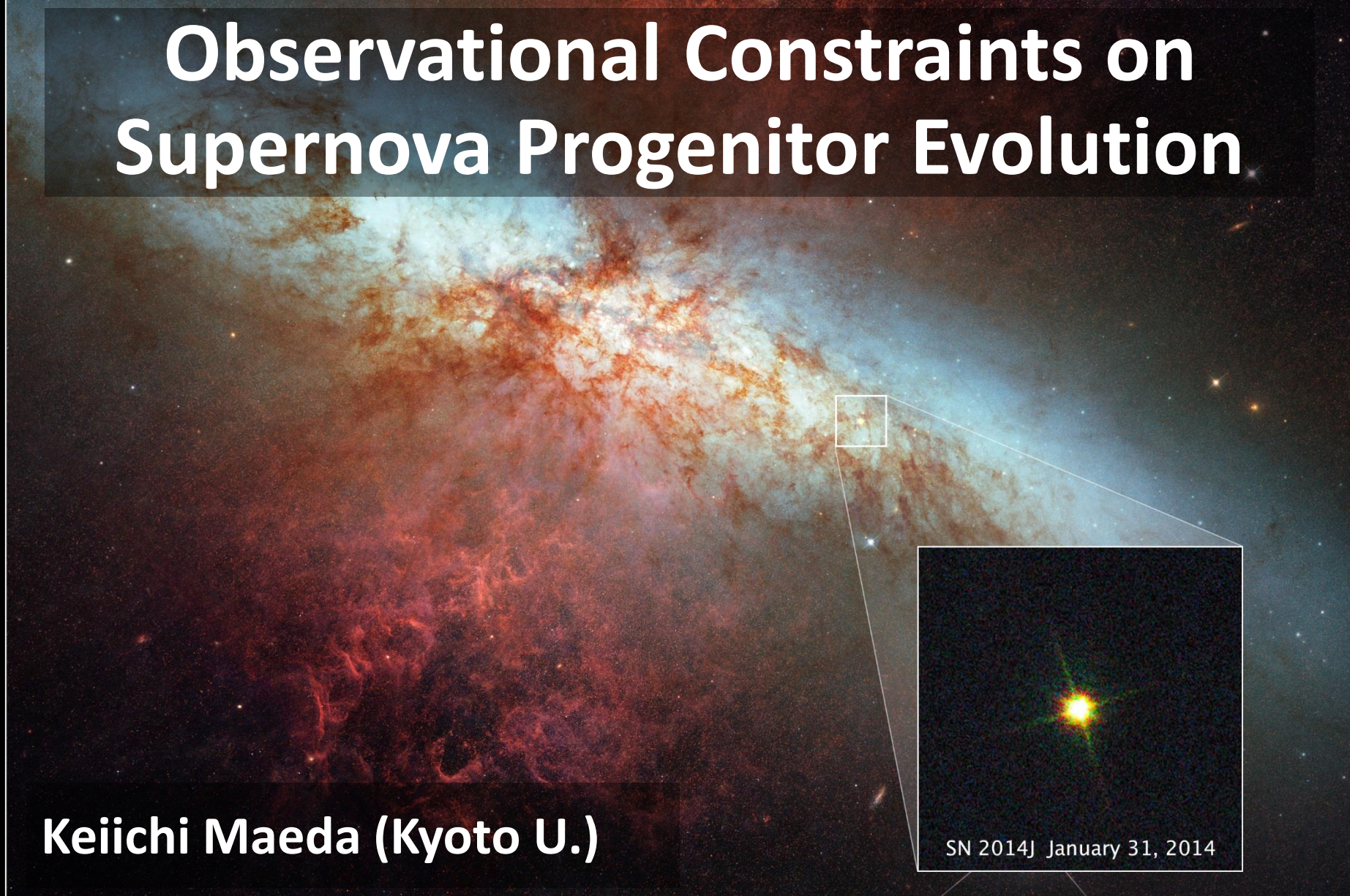


Observational Constraints on Supernova Progenitor Evolution

Keiichi Maeda (Kyoto U.)

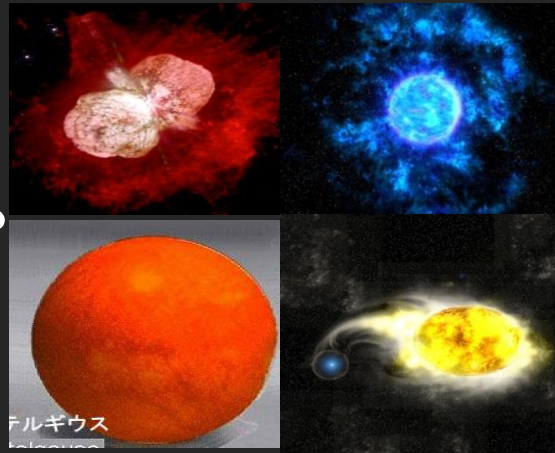


SN 2014J January 31, 2014

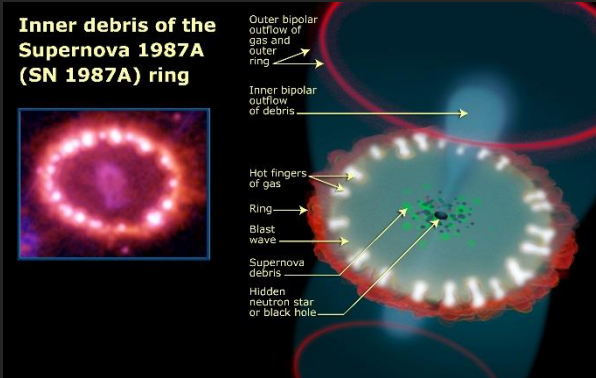
Supernova 2014J in Galaxy M82
Hubble Space Telescope ■ WFC3/UVIS ■ ACS/WFC

Progenitor – CSM - explosion

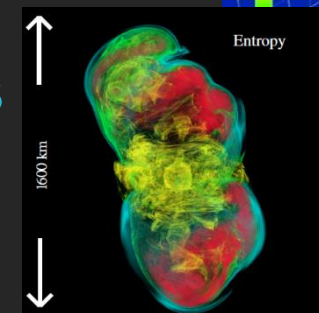
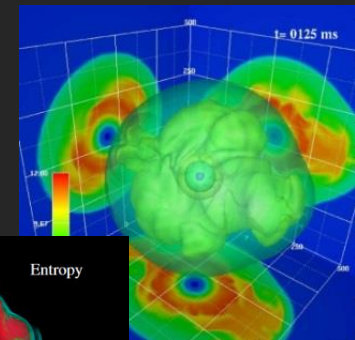
CSM environment ?
Mass loss
Stellar wind
Instabilities
Binary



Progenitor ?
Metallicity
Rotation
Binarity
...



Explosion?
Key mechanisms
Diversities



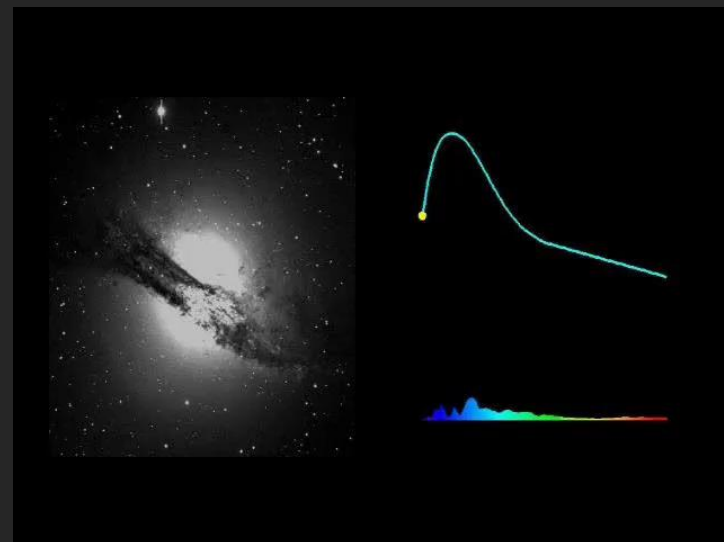
Goal: Uncovering the mutual links.

Observational Characteristics of Supernovae

- > 1000 discoveries a year (dep. on surveys).
 - **Only a part** (nearby) observed in detail.
- Distance > ~ 10 Mpc (extragalactic).
 - **Point sources** (except for a few by HST/AO/VLBI).
 - Typical maximum mag. $V > \sim 16$ mag (roughly).
- Most of obs. = Optical.
 - Imaging + spectra (time-dep.)

↓ Interpretation

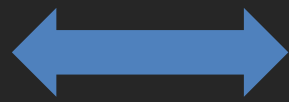
Supernova Physics
(e.g., exp. mech.)



Type Ia Supernovae (SNe Ia)

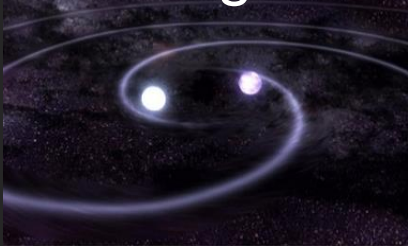
- Thermonuclear explosions of a (nearly) Chandrasekhar-mass white dwarf (WD).
- **But we do not yet know what make them.**
- **Multiple populations?**

Single Degenerate (SD)

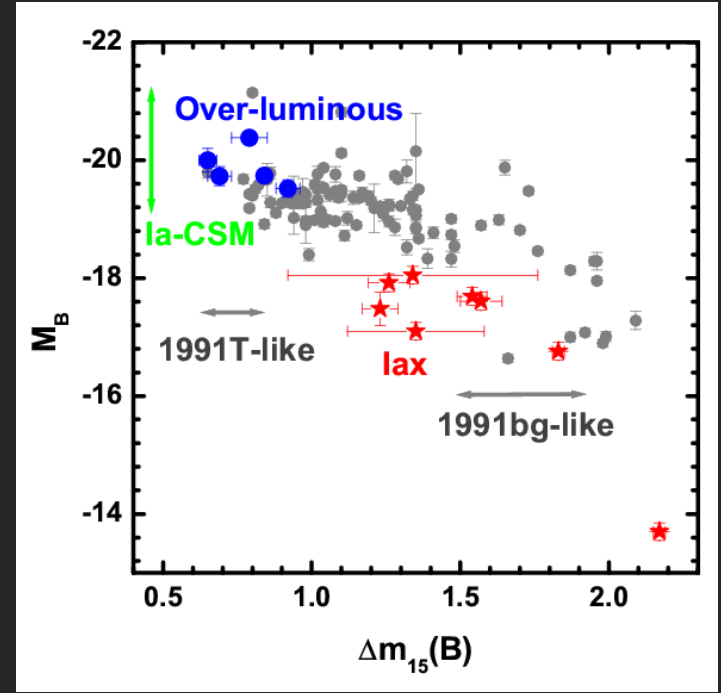


Link?

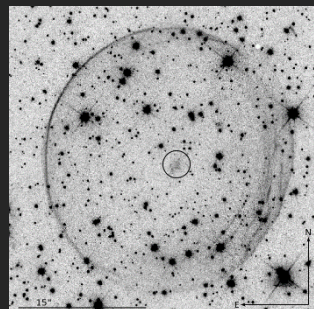
Double Degenerate (DD)



**Keys:
Companion & CSM**



SD Companions in pre-SN/SNRs



LMC SNR 0509-67.5: Against RG/MS

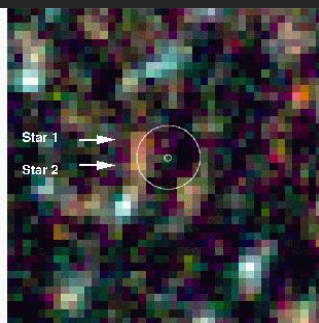
Schafer & Pagnotta 2010

SN 1006: Against RG

González Hernández+ 2012

Tycho: Controversial

Ruiz-Lapuente+ 2004, ...



SN 2011fe: Against RG down to $\sim 1 M_{\odot}$

Li+ 2011

SN 2014J: Against RG down to $\sim 1 M_{\odot}$

Kelly+ 2014 and some He donor

So far, seems to disfavor SD for normals.

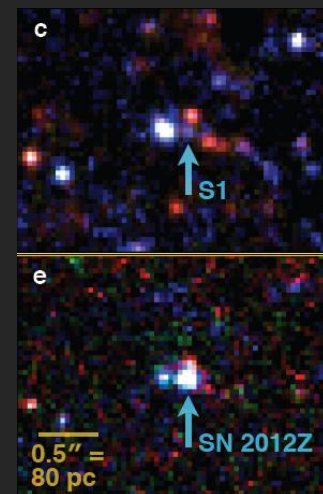
SN “lax” 2012Z: He donor? He star progenitor?

McCully+ 2014

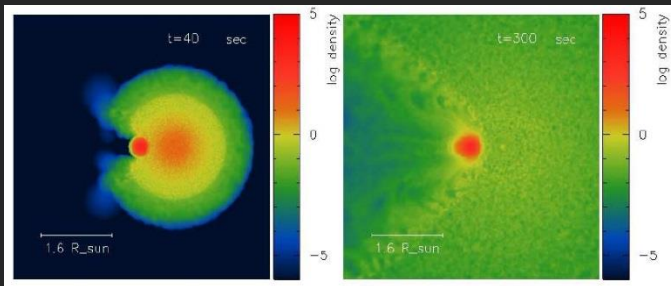
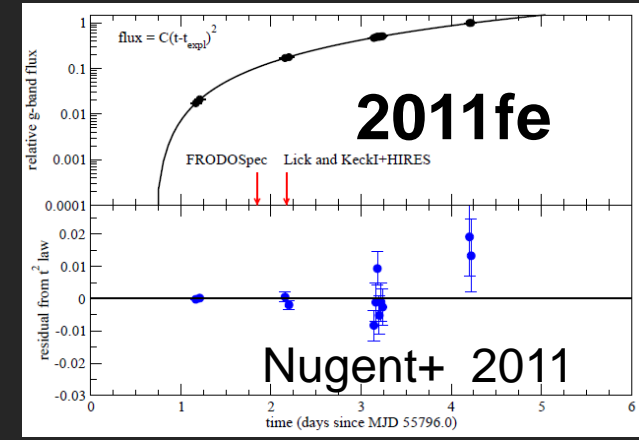
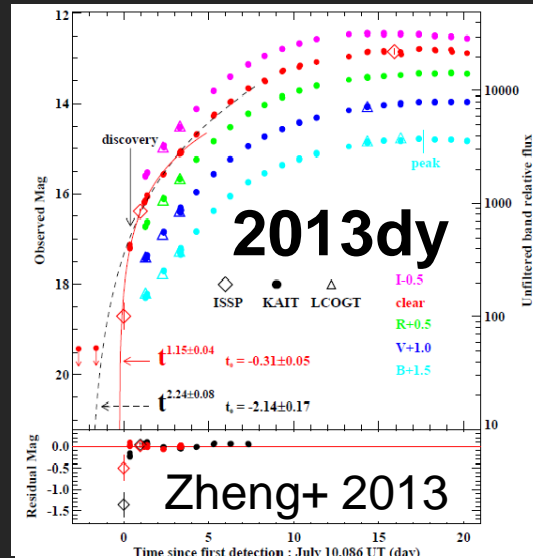
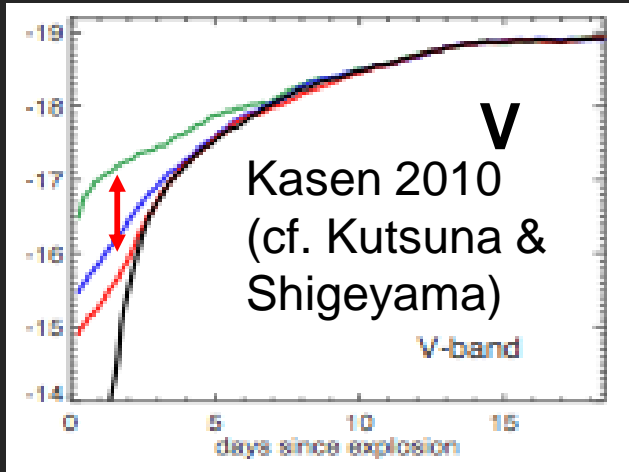
SN “lax” 2008ha: Red source (post-SN).

Foley+ 2014

So far, seems to favor SD for outliers (SNe lax).

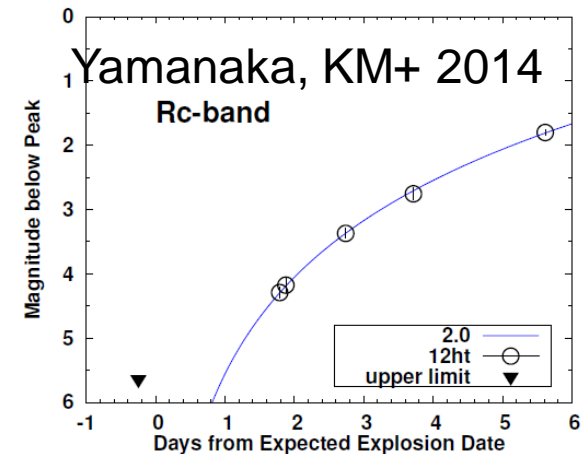
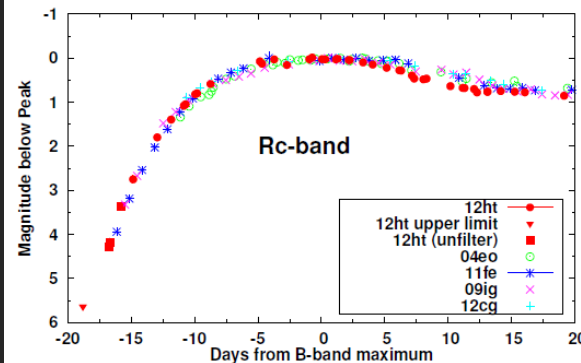


No Crush of the SN ejecta w/ SD companion



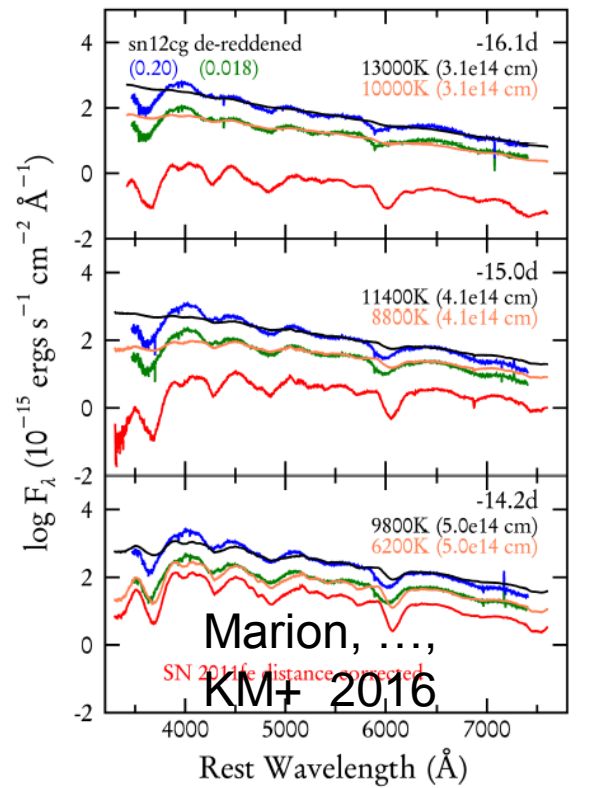
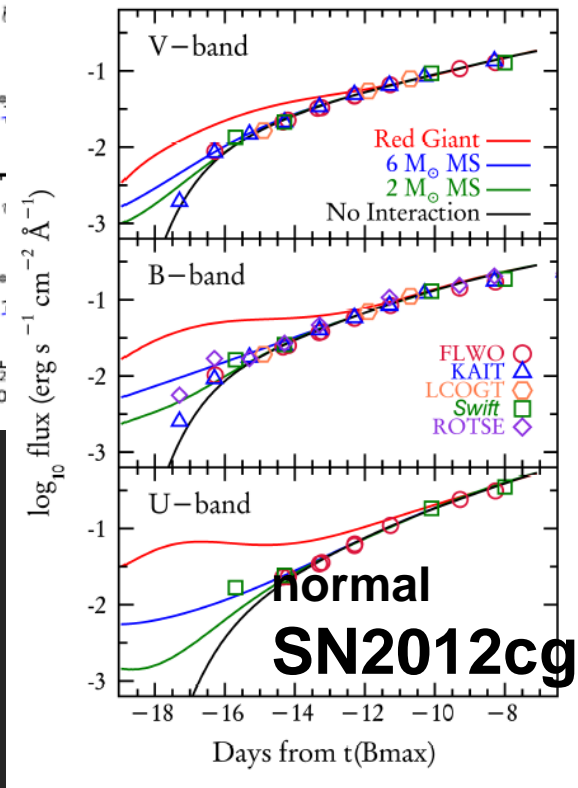
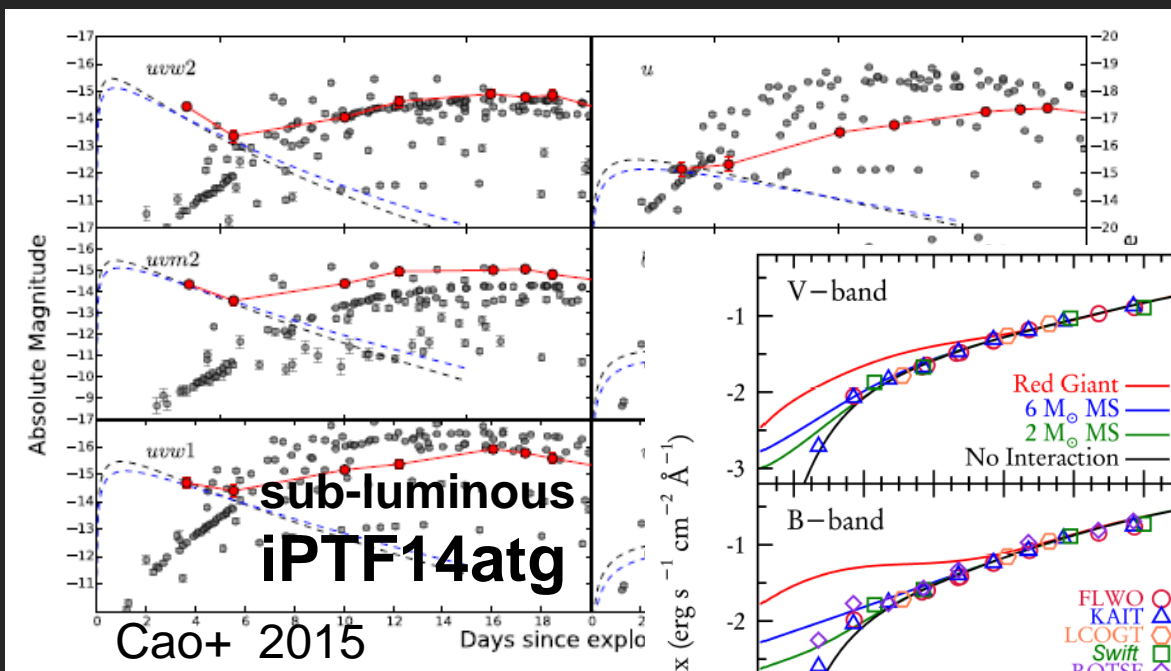
Liu, ..., KM+, 2013

SN Ia 2012ht



#possible – SNe 2011de (Brown 2014), 2014J (Goobar+ 2014)

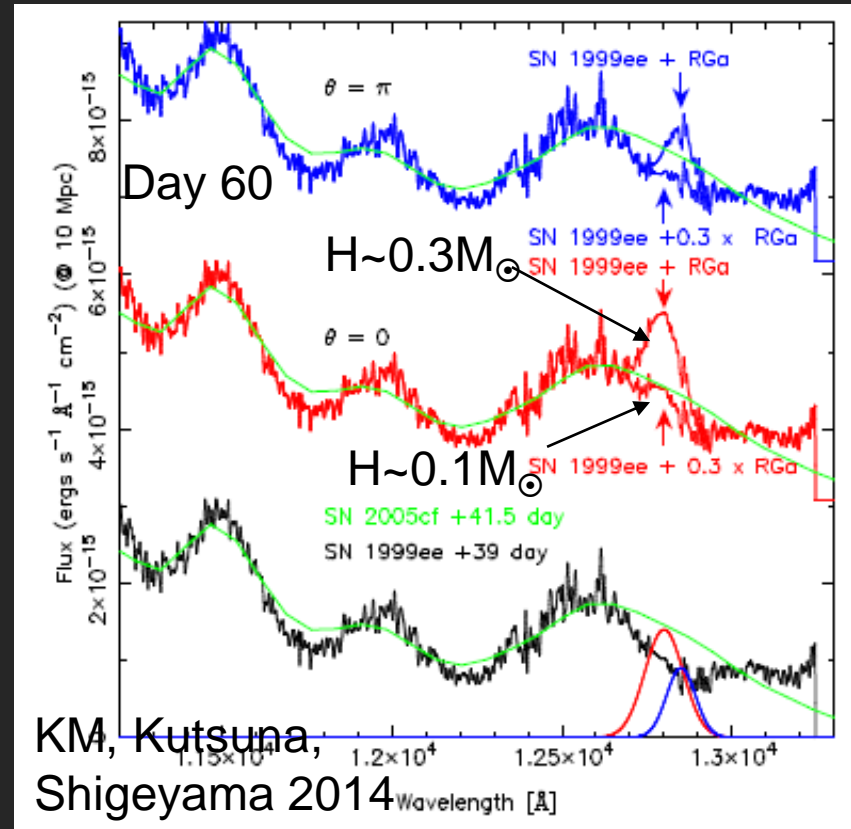
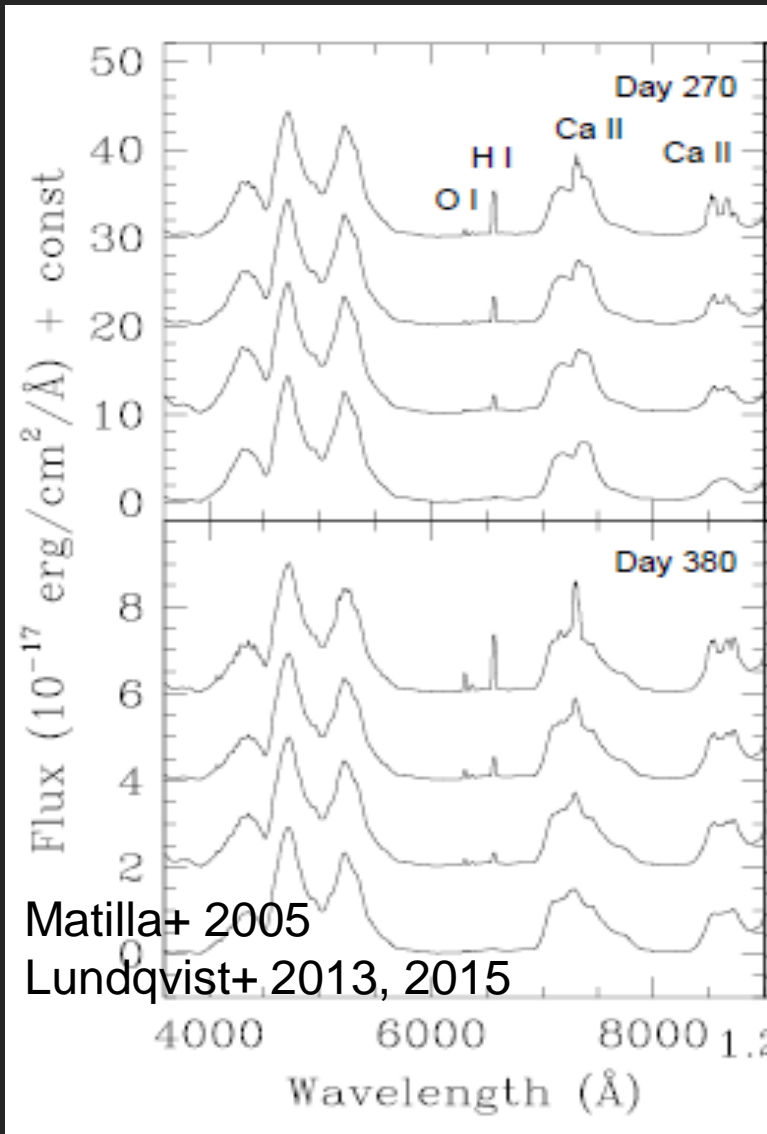
Crush of the SN ejecta w/ SD companion



First detected for an outlier, but then for normal.
Observed only for a specific direction?

Examples with possible signatures

No Signatures of a companion in late phases

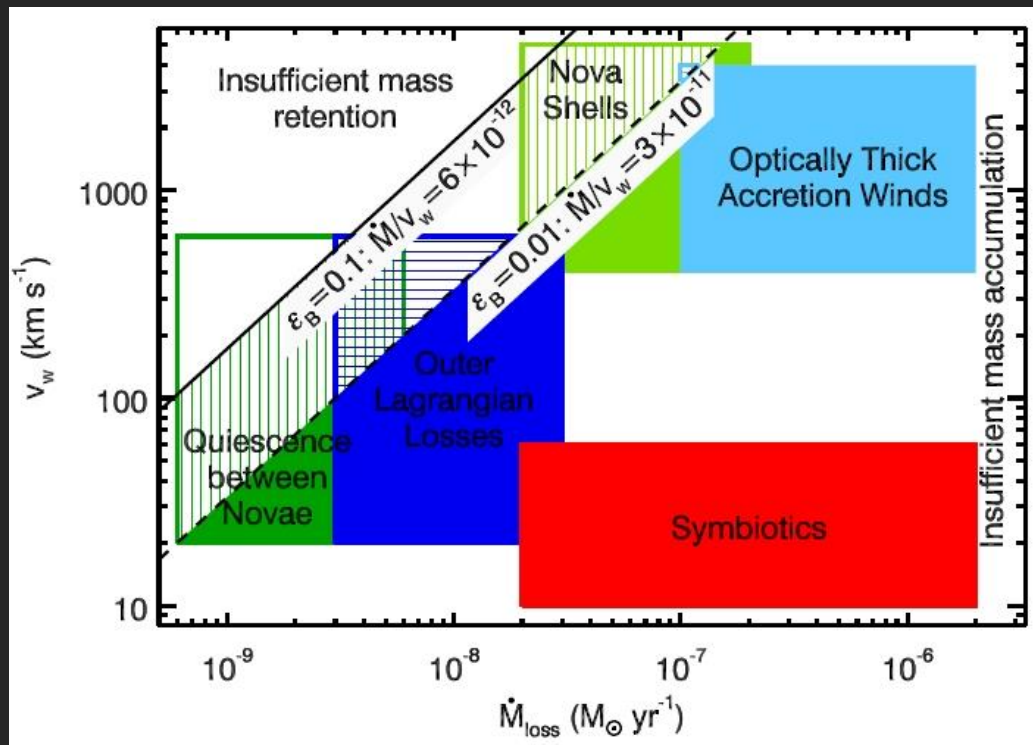


No signature of contaminated H-envelope so far
(but the observation is tough).
How consistent with the “crush”?

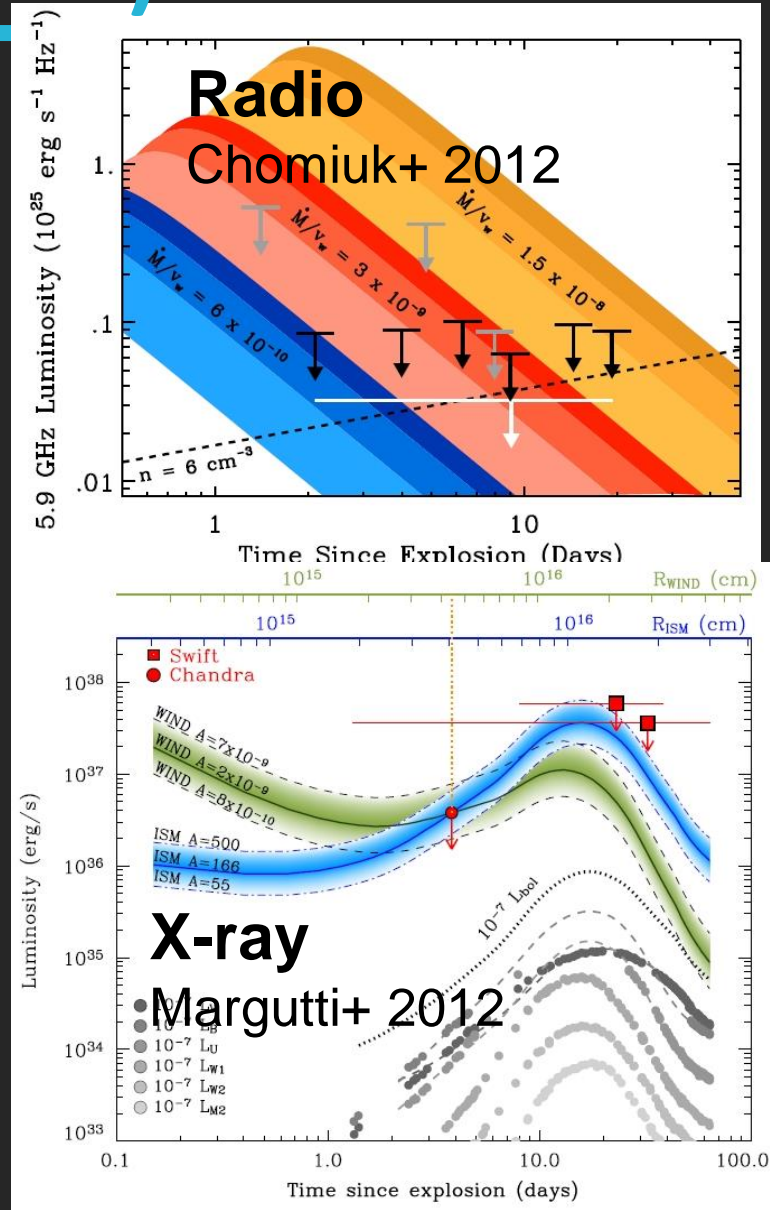
Back in the history of $\sim 100 \text{ day} \times (V_{\text{SN}}/V_{\text{mass-loss}}) \sim 30 \text{ yrs}$ **No Crush into CSM (normal)** ($\sim 0.01 \text{ pc}$)

Tight limit for SN 2011fe ($< 0.01 \text{ pc}$):

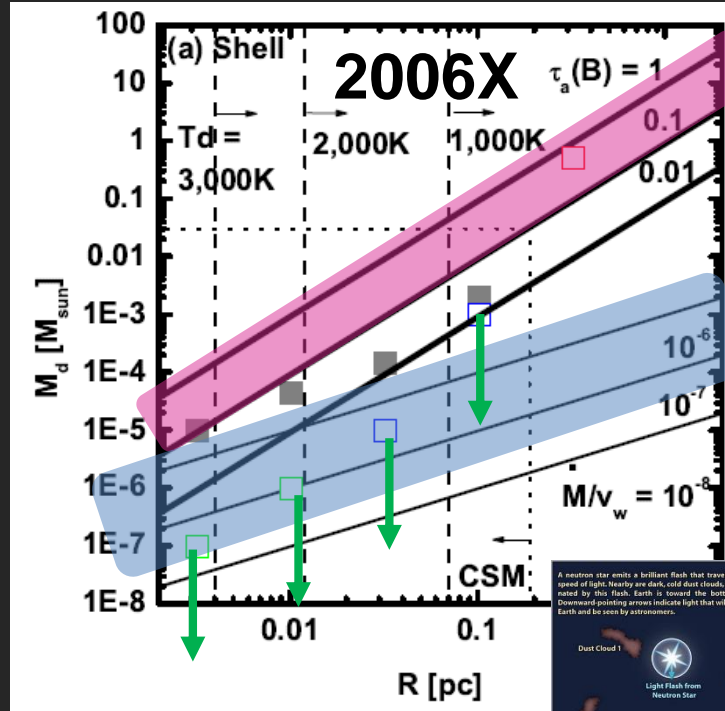
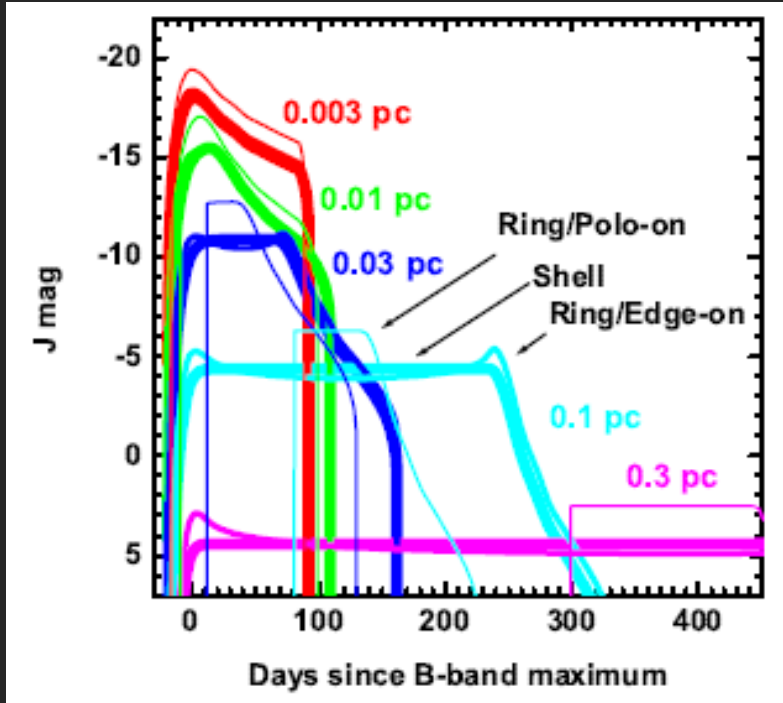
$$\dot{M}_{\text{dot}}/v_w < \sim 10^{-8} M_{\odot} \text{yr}^{-1} / 100 \text{km s}^{-1}$$



Radio: Synchrotron
X-Ray: Inverse Compton (+ thermal)



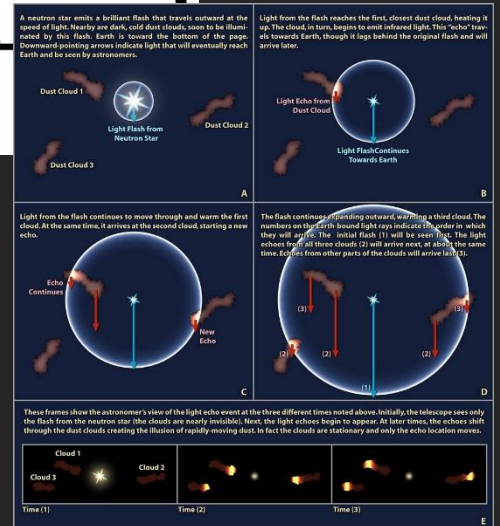
Back in the history of $\sim 100 \text{ day} \times (C/V_{\text{mass-loss}}) \sim 300 \text{ yrs}$ (~ 0.1 pc) **No echo by CS Environment (normal)**



CSM extinction

Symbiotic Model (SD)

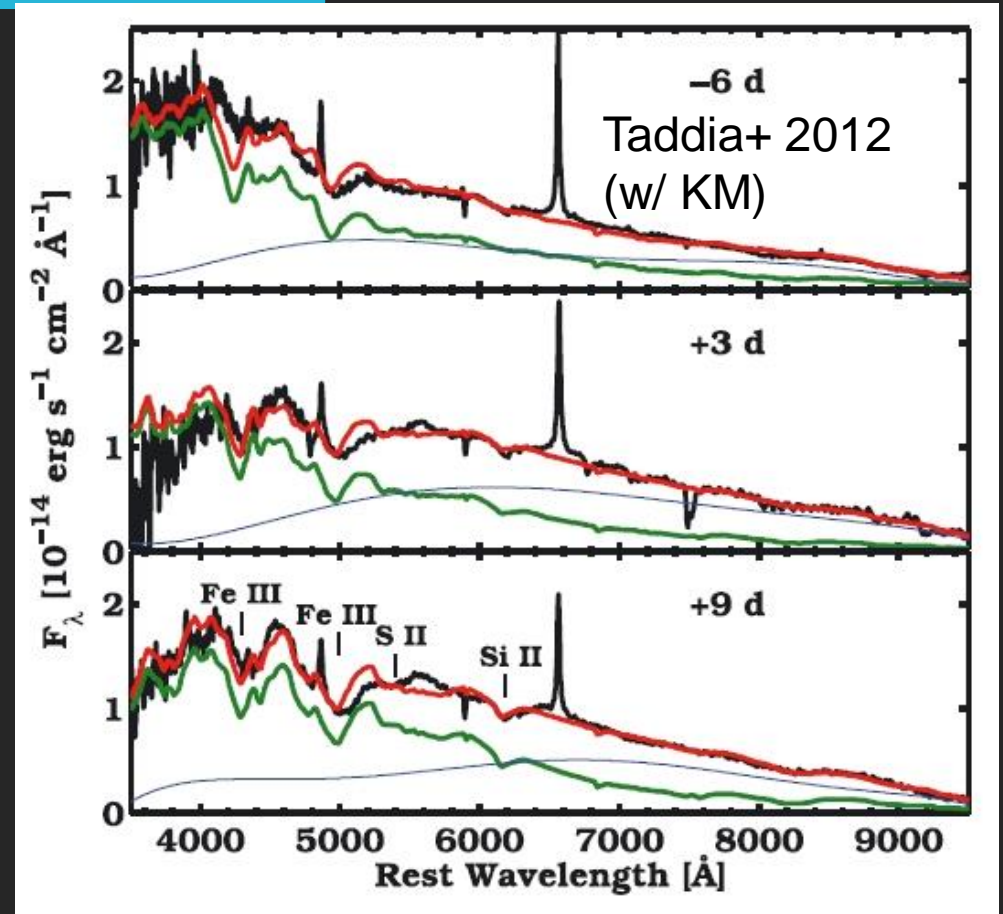
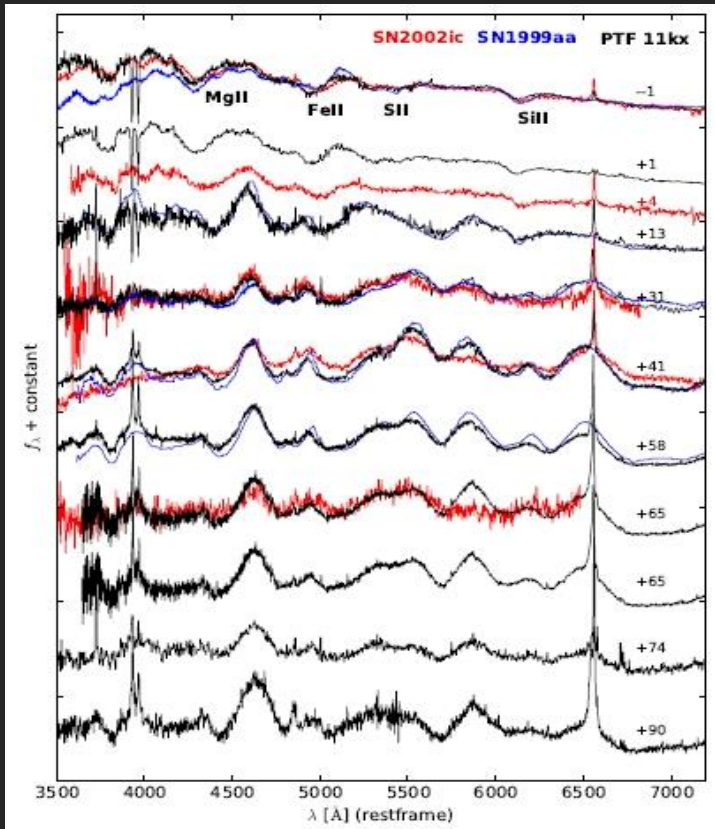
No CS-dust echo seen in (normal) SNe Ia.
 There is little CSM (dust) at $R < 0.5 \text{ pc}$.
SNe Ia's extinction produced by CSM?
(Goobar 2008) \Rightarrow generally not the case.



KM, Nozawa, Nagao, Motohara 15; Nagao, KM, Nozawa+ 16

Crush into CSM (Ia-CSM)

Dilday+ 2012

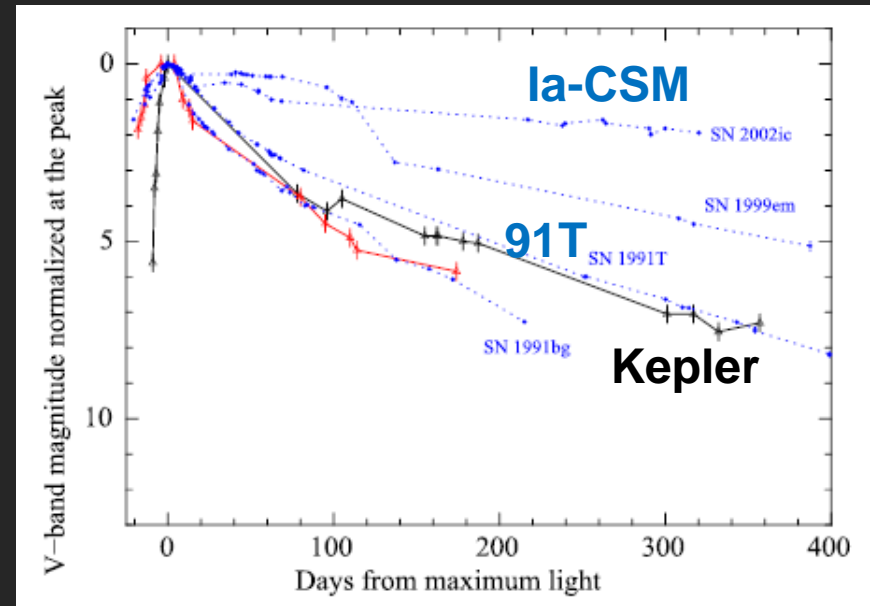
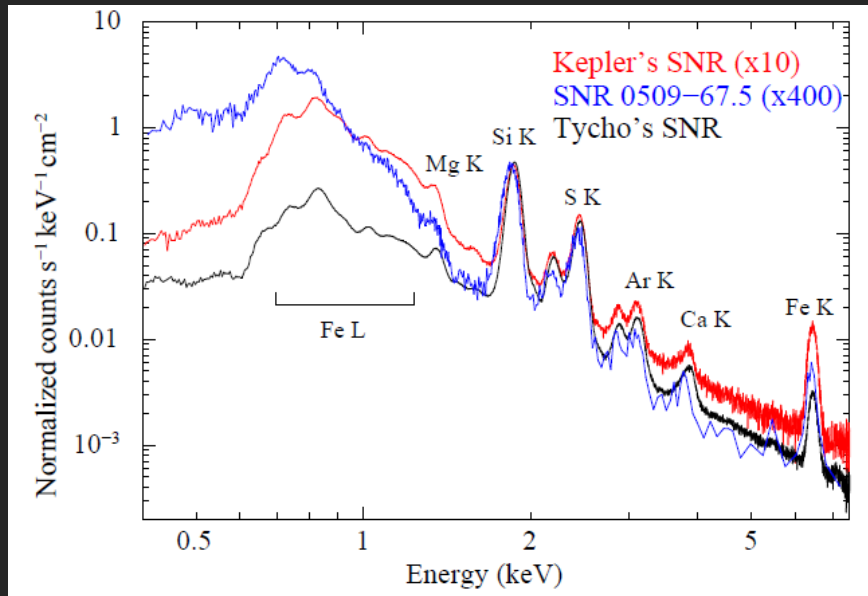


SNe Ia colliding with Nova shells? (← Single degenerate)

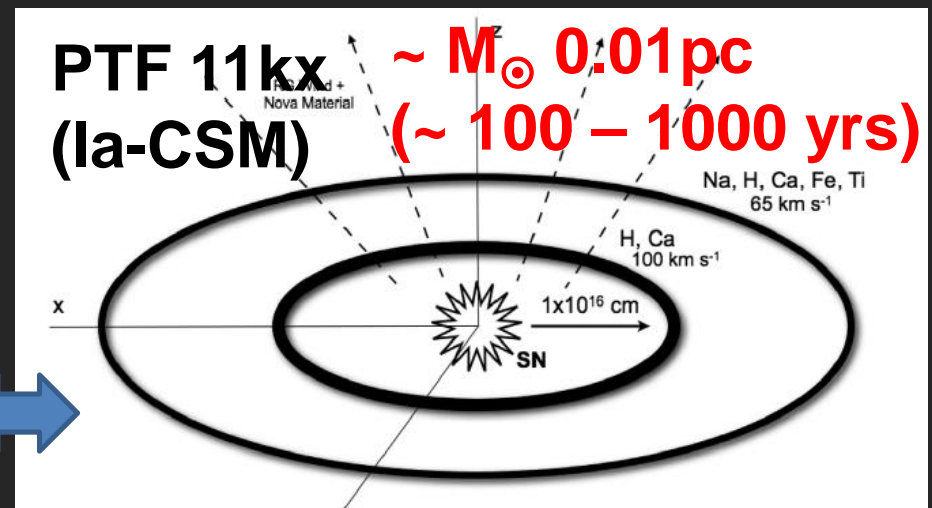
Associated SNe are **SN 1991T-like** (bright SNe Ia)

Leloudas, ..., KM+ 2015

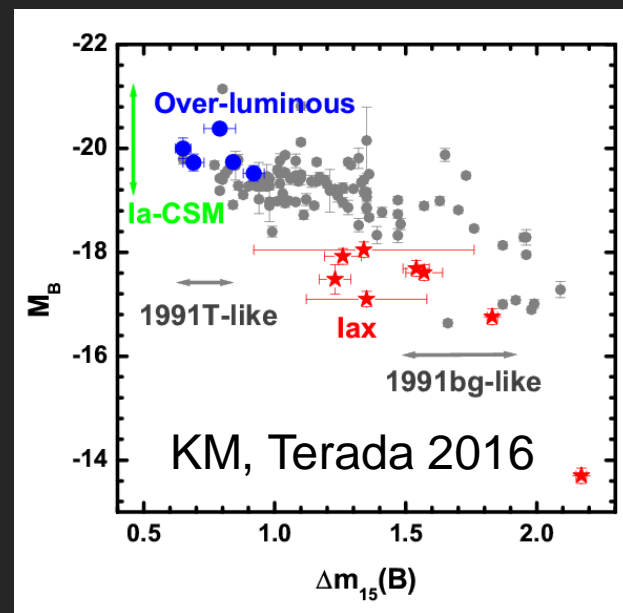
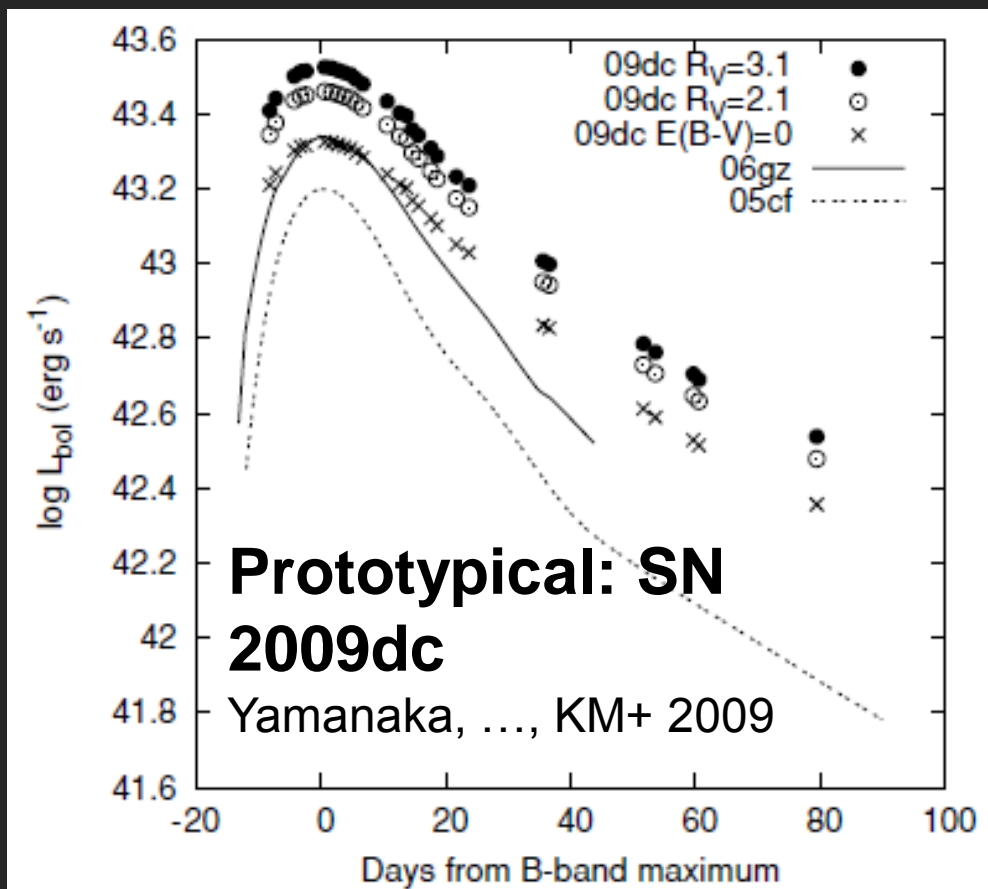
A Link between 91T-like and Ia-CSM



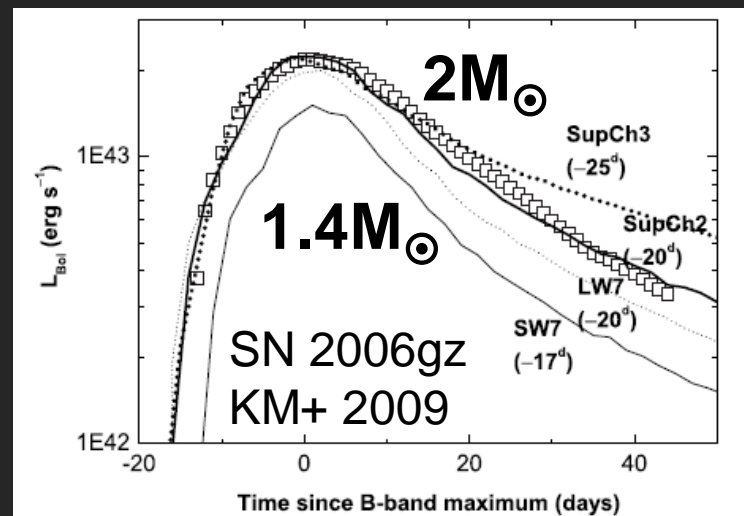
Kepler
Katsuda, Moti, KM+ 2015
Ejecta abundance & hist. LC
⇒ SN type: bright 91T-like
CSM amount + distribution
⇒ Mass loss history:
> $0.3M_{\odot}$ @ 2pc (10^{4-5} yrs)



Over-luminous Ia: Super-Chandra WD?

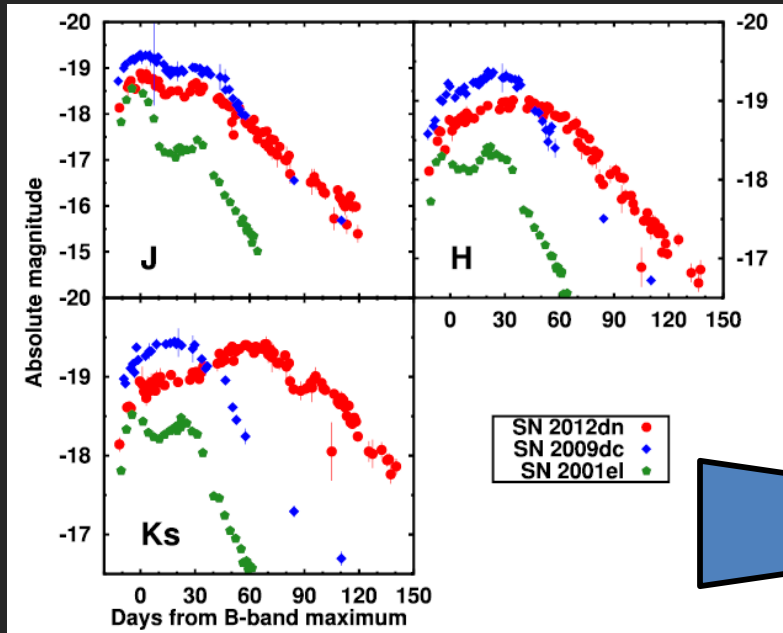


Bright, $M(^{56}\text{Ni}) > 1M_{\odot}$.
 $M_{\text{ej}} > 1.4M_{\odot}$: “Super Chandra WD”

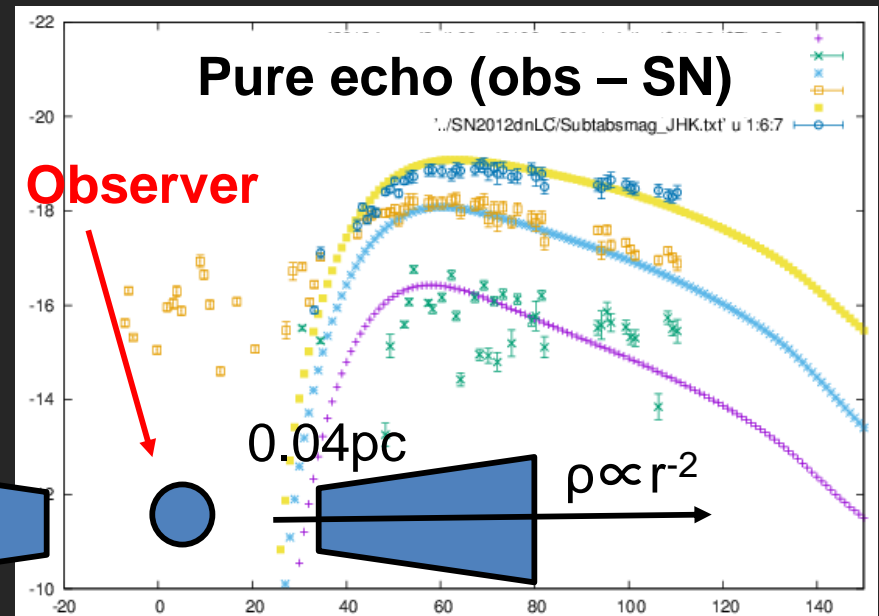


Echo by CS environment (over-luminous Ia)

Yamanaka, KM+ 2016



Nagao (D1), KM, Yamanaka, in prep.



Discovery of bright & Long-lasting NIR emission by OISTER ToO.

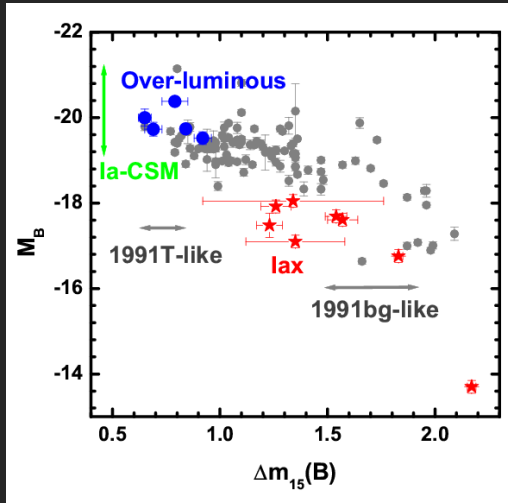
“Plateau-like evolution, $\sim 1,000\text{K}$ thermal emission”

← As predicted for a CS echo (KM+ 2015)

⇒ More sophisticated model: geometry, etc (Nagao+, in prep.).

$\sim 4 \cdot 10^{-6} M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1} \Rightarrow \text{SD for overluminous SNe?}$

SNe Ia: Summary



A review article by
KM & Terada (2016)

Normal:
DD > SD?
Outliers:
SD?
Still incomplete.

Observations	Delayed Detonation		Failed Deflagration		Double Detonation	Violent He	Violent C
	SD ^b	DD	SD	DD	SD	DD	DD
Normal SNe Ia							
Companion							
Direct	×	○	×	○	△	○	○
Early Emission	△	○	△	○	△	○	○
Hydrogen	△	○	△	○	○	○	○
CSM							
Radio/X	×	○	×	○	×	○	○
Echo	△	○	△	○	○	○	○
Abs. Systems	○	△	○	△	○	△	△
Explosion							
Spec./LC/pol.	○	○	×	×	△	△	△
Nucleosynthesis	○	○	×	×	×	×	×
γ-ray (2014J)	△	△	○	○	△
SNe Iax							
Companion							
Direct	△	×	△	×	○	×	×
CSM							
Echo	○	×	○	×	○	×	×
Explosion							
Spec./LC/pol.	×	×	○	○	×	×	×
Nucleosynthesis	○	○	○	○	×	×	×
Over-Luminous							
CSM							
Echo	○	×	○	×	△	×	×
Explosion							
Spec./LC/pol.	○	○	×	×	△	△	△
Ia-CSM/1991T							
CSM							
Interaction	○	×	○	×	△	×	×
Abs. Systems	○	×	○	×	△	×	×
Explosion							
Spec./LC/pol.	○	○	×	×	○	○	○